

2018 LEGISLATIVE BILLS

Support A – Write letters of support of each bill, and appoint an Advocacy Committee Champion that will track the bill and send alerts to our Board Members & Advisory Council members when actions are needed.

Other Support – Officially endorse, but no Champion will be assigned and its unlikely that we'll be active in writing letters of support or engaging in follow-up action

Watch – Neutral unless more information is gathered that causes us to change our position

Oppose – Write letter(s) of opposition. **Oppose A** would include a designee to track when action is appropriate to be taken.

<p>AB1946 Elder Abuse Cervantes. Crimes: elder or dependent adult abuse. Existing law makes it a misdemeanor for a person who knows or reasonably should know that a person is an elder or dependent adult and who, under circumstances or conditions other than those likely to produce great bodily harm or death, willfully causes or permits any elder or dependent adult to suffer or inflicts thereon unjustifiable physical pain or mental suffering. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Watch Spot Bill</i></p>

<p>AB1955 Alzheimer's Limón. Alzheimer's disease and dementia: public awareness campaign. Existing law requires the California Department of Aging to designate various private nonprofit or public agencies as area agencies on aging to work for the interests of older Californians within a planning and service area and provide a broad array of social and nutritional services. Existing law also requires the department to adopt policies and guidelines to carry out the purposes of the Alzheimer's Day Care-Resource Center program, which provides access to specialized day care resource centers for individuals with Alzheimer's disease and other dementia-related disorders and support to their families and caregivers. Existing law requires the department to make efforts to increase public awareness about areas of importance to California's older individuals, their families, and other caregivers. Existing law requires the department to establish an Aging Information and Education Fund, from funds made available pursuant to the annual Budget Act, to implement public awareness of various issues, including at least medication management, elder abuse prevention, and a toll-free line for linkage to local service networks. This bill would require the department to develop and implement a public awareness campaign, as specified, to reduce stigma and raise public awareness of the warning signs of Alzheimer's disease and dementia in order to promote early detection and accurate diagnosis. The bill would also make related legislative findings and declarations.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>C4A Sponsored Support A Champion - Clay Kempf</i></p>

<p>AB2025 Community-Based Day Programs Maienschein. Facilities for the elderly. Existing state and federal law provides for various programs to provide services to elderly persons, as specified.</p>

This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to invest in public-private partnerships to promote the creation or expansion of person-centered, community-based day programs that serve the needs of a broad range of senior citizens.

Watch, support if amended CK to Track

AB2101 Engaging Elders – Volunteerism Acosta. Engaging Elders through Volunteerism. Existing law establishes in the California Health and Human Services Agency, the California Department of Aging to provide leadership to the area agencies on aging in developing systems of home- and community-based services that maintain individuals in their own homes or least restrictive homelike environments. Existing law expresses the request of the Legislature that a state office formerly known as the Governor’s Office on Service and Volunteerism, pursue resources to develop an Elder Corps master plan to expand opportunities for engaging California’s seniors, and to set standards for the effective training and supervision of volunteers.

This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

Watch, support A if amended Champion - Clay Kempf & Bob Campbell

AB2108 RCFEs McCarty. Residential care facilities for the elderly.

Existing law, the California Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of residential care facilities for the elderly by the State Department of Social Services. Existing law sets forth a bill of rights for residents of privately operated residential care facilities for the elderly, including, among other things, to be accorded dignity in their personal relationships with staff, to be granted a reasonable level of personal privacy of accommodations, medical treatment, personal care and assistance, and to confidential treatment of their records and personal information, as specified. Existing law provides that the rights and liberties set forth in the bill of rights does not diminish a resident’s constitutional rights, as specified.

This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

Spot Bill - watch

AB2132 Housing – Permits Levine. Building permit fees: waiver.

The State Housing Law authorizes cities and counties to prescribe fees for permits required or authorized pursuant to the State Housing Law.

This bill would authorize these entities to waive or reduce all building permit fees for improvements to the home of a person at least 60 years of age with a qualifying disability that are made to accommodate that disability.

Support

AB2158 ADCRCs Voepel. Alzheimer’s Day Care Resource Center Program.

The Mello-Granlund Older Californians Act establishes the Community-Based Services Network, administered by the California Department of Aging, which requires the department to enter into contracts with local area agencies on aging to carry out the requirements of various community-based services programs, including the Alzheimer’s Day Care Resource Center Program. The act declares that the purpose of the program is to provide access to specialized day care resource centers for individuals with Alzheimer’s disease and other dementia-related disorders and support to their families and caregivers.

Spot Bill CK Watch, possibly support A

AB2159 Elder Abuse Chu. Elder Abuse and Dependent Adult Civil Protection Act.

Existing law, the Elder Abuse and Dependent Adult Civil Protection Act, establishes procedures for the reporting, investigation, and prosecution of elder and dependent adult abuse. These procedures require persons, defined as mandated reporters, to report known or suspected instances of elder or dependent adult abuse, as prescribed.

This bill would express the intent to the Legislature to enact legislation that would expand the definition of mandatory reporters for purposes of reporting suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult.

Support A Wire Transfers, CSL bill Champion Chuck Molnar

AB2161 Homelessness Chiu. Housing: homeless integrated data warehouse.

Existing law establishes various programs, including, among others, the Emergency Housing and Assistance Program, to provide assistance to homeless persons. Existing law also establishes the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council to, among other things, create a statewide data system or warehouse that collects local data through homeless management information systems, with the ultimate goal of matching data on homelessness programs to programs impacting homeless recipients of state programs, as specified.

This bill would direct the Department of Housing and Community Development to create a state homeless integrated data warehouse, in coordination with the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, to develop a composite portrayal of the homeless population in the state and the services provided to this population or to those at risk of becoming homeless. The bill requires certain information to be compiled for the database, including, among other things, the number of individuals and families experiencing homelessness, their access to benefits, and the stated reasons for their homelessness. The bill would require the department to coordinate with other state agencies to draft and carry out a strategy to create an integrated data warehouse comprised of information to provide longitudinal, cost-based studies with relevant data, as specified. The bill requires the database to meet federal homeless management information system technical standards to protect privacy and would encourage local agencies that provide services to homeless persons and use homeless management information systems to collaborate with the department, as specified.

Support if amended to include an Older Adult Aspect

AB2180 LTC Insurance Kalra. Long-term care and disability insurance.

(1) Existing law generally provides for the regulation of the business of long-term care insurance by the Department of Insurance pursuant to laws set forth in the Insurance Code. Existing law specifically requires certain long-term care policies to state the threshold for establishing eligibility for home care benefits and provide specific information relating to the provision of an alternative plan of care.

This bill would expand the required information to be included in those long-term care policies regarding the threshold for establishing eligibility for home care benefits and the provision of an alternate plan of care.

(2) Existing law generally provides for the regulation of the business of disability insurance by the Department of Insurance pursuant to laws set forth in the Insurance Code. Existing law specifically requires certain disability insurance policies that include an accelerated death benefit to explain the benefits in a specified manner.

This bill would expand the required information to be included in those disability insurance policies that include an accelerated death benefit to explain the ability of an insured to request

a health assessment and to receive a lump sum payment of the accelerated death benefit, and how an insured is required to provide the insurer with a notice of a claim.

Support

AB2233 Assisted Living Waiver Kalra. Medi-Cal: Assisted Living Waiver program.

Existing law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services and under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid Program provisions.

Existing law requires the State Department of Health Services to develop a federal waiver program to test the efficacy of providing an assisted living benefit to beneficiaries under the Medi-Cal program. Existing law requires that the benefit include, but not be limited to, the care and supervision activities specified for residential care facilities for the elderly. Existing law requires implementation of the program only to the extent federal financial participation is available and funds are appropriated or otherwise available for the program.

This bill would require the department to submit to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services a request for renewal of the Assisted Living Waiver program with specified amendments. The bill would require, as part of the amendments, additional slots, as specified, in the 15 counties where the waiver program is currently in operation. The waiver amendments would also require the department to expand the program on a statewide basis, as specified. The waiver amendments would, among other things, authorize assessments to be conducted by trained individuals, visits to be conducted on an as-needed and quarterly basis, and the provision of certain accommodations to account for the needs of dementia care residents.

The bill would also require the department to authorize eligibility for share-of-cost Medi-Cal beneficiaries, and to modify its provider reimbursement tier, as specified, while also maintaining the waiver program's budget-neutral provisions.

The bill would condition implementation of the waiver amendments on obtaining the necessary federal approvals and on the availability of federal financial participation. The bill would require implementation of the waiver amendments to commence within 6 months of the department's receipt of authorization for the necessary resources, as specified.

A-Support Champion – Wayne Norton

AB2324 Elder Abuse Rubio. Elder or dependent adult abuse: public shaming.

Existing law, the Elder Abuse and Dependent Adult Civil Protection Act, establishes procedures for the reporting, investigation, and prosecution of abuse of an elder or dependent adult, which is defined to mean physical abuse, neglect, abandonment, and financial abuse, among other forms of abuse. Existing law requires specified persons, known as mandated reporters, who, have observed or have knowledge of an incident that reasonably appears to be, or is told by an elder or dependent adult that he or she has experienced behavior constituting, physical abuse, abandonment, abduction, isolation, financial abuse, or neglect to report the known or suspected instance of abuse, as specified. A failure to report is a misdemeanor.

This bill would also include in the definition of "abuse of an elder or a dependent adult" public shaming, which the bill would define as the taking, transmission, or dissemination of an image of an elder or dependent adult that shames, degrades, humiliates, or otherwise harms the personal dignity of the elder or dependent adult. The bill would also make it a misdemeanor for a mandated reporter to fail to report public shaming of an elder or dependent adult. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law makes it a misdemeanor for a person who knows or reasonably should know that a person is an elder or dependent adult and who, under circumstances or conditions other than those likely to produce great bodily harm or death, willfully causes or permits an elder or dependent adult to suffer or inflicts unjustifiable physical pain or mental suffering on him or her.

This bill would also make it a misdemeanor to, under those same conditions, publicly shame, as defined, an elder or dependent adult. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

A-Support Champion – Wayne Norton

AB2400 Alzheimer’s Contribution Kalra. Personal income taxes: voluntary contribution fund: Alzheimer’s disease research.

Existing law allows taxpayers, until January 1, 2020, to designate on his or her personal income tax return that a specified amount in excess of his or her personal income tax liability be contributed to the California Alzheimer’s Disease and Related Disorders Research Fund, which is subject to appropriation by the Legislature, to be allocated to the Franchise Tax Board, the Controller, and the appropriate state department as established by the Secretary of California Health and Human Services in consultation with the California Department of Aging, and any others that the secretary deems appropriate to be expended for Alzheimer’s disease research.

Existing law requires that when establishing or extending the operation of these voluntary tax contribution funds the words “voluntary tax contribution” be included in the name of the fund, that the administering agency comply with specified Internet Web site reporting requirements, that the fund provisions remain in effect only until January 1 of the 7th calendar year following the first appearance of the voluntary tax contribution on the personal income tax return, that the required calendar year minimum contribution amount for the fund to continue appearing on the return is \$250,000, and that the contributions be continuously appropriated from the fund to the administering entity.

This bill would rename the fund as the California Alzheimer’s Disease and Related Dementia Research Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund and would instead require the funds to be allocated to the State Department of Public Health to support eligible programs awarded grants under selection criteria established by the State Department of Public Health Alzheimer’s Disease Program.

The bill would also conform with the above-mentioned requirements by extending the operation of the provisions of the California Alzheimer’s Disease and Related Disorders Research Fund to January 1, 2025, renaming the fund, continuously appropriating the fund to the Franchise Tax Board, the Controller, and the State Department of Public Health for purposes of carrying out these provisions, and requiring the State Department of Public Health to comply with those Internet Web site reporting requirements. By continuously appropriating the funds described above, the bill would make an appropriation.

Support

AB2430 Medi-Cal Eligibility Arambula. Medi-Cal: program for aged and disabled persons.

Existing law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. Existing law requires the department to exercise its option under federal law to implement a program for aged and disabled persons, as described. Existing law requires an

individual under these provisions to satisfy certain financial eligibility requirements, including, among other things, that his or her countable income does not exceed an income standard equal to 100% of the applicable federal poverty level, plus an income disregard of \$230 for an individual, or \$310 in the case of a couple, except that the income standard determined shall not be less than the SSI/SSP payment level for a disabled individual or couple, as applicable. Existing law authorizes the department to implement this program by means of all-county letters or similar instructions without taking regulatory action and thereafter requires the department to adopt regulations.

This bill would instead require, upon receipt of federal approval, all countable income over 100% of the federal poverty level, up to 138% of the federal poverty level, to be disregarded, after taking all other disregards, deductions, and exclusions into account for those persons eligible under the program for aged and disabled persons. The bill would provide that the income level determined based on a countable income that does not exceed an income level equal to 100% of the applicable federal poverty level, plus an income disregard of \$230 for an individual, or \$310 in the case of a couple, shall not be less than the SSI/SSP payment level the individual or couple, as applicable, receives or would receive as a disabled or blind individual or couple. The bill would require a specified provision to be implemented after the Director of Health Care Services determines, and communicates that determination in writing to the Department of Finance, that systems have been programmed for implementation of that provision, but no sooner than January 1, 2019.

The bill would authorize the department to implement, interpret, or make specific the above-described program for aged and disabled persons by means of all-county letters, plan or provider bulletins, or similar instructions until regulations are adopted, and would require the department to adopt regulations no later than July 1, 2021. The bill would require the department to provide a status report on a semiannual basis to the Legislature until regulations have been adopted. The bill would provide that the program shall be implemented only if and to the extent that any necessary federal approvals have been obtained.

Because counties are required to make Medi-Cal eligibility determinations, and this bill would expand Medi-Cal eligibility by increasing the income disregard amounts and would increase the responsibility of counties in determining Medi-Cal eligibility, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

Support A Champion – Jacques Bertrand

AB2455 **Kalra. Home care aide registry:** disclosure of personal contact information.

(1) Existing law establishes the Home Care Services Consumer Protection Act, which provides for the licensure and regulation of home care organizations, as defined, by the State Department of Social Services, and for the registration of home care aides. The act requires the department to establish and maintain a registry of registered home care aides and home care aide applicants on the department's Internet Web site, as provided. The act prohibits the registry on the Internet Web site from providing any additional, individually identifiable information about a registered home care aide or home care aide applicant. Existing law authorizes the department to maintain additional information for registered home care aides or home care aide applicants, as necessary for the administration of the act, but prohibits the department from making that information publicly available on the registry. A violation of the

act is a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not to exceed \$1,000, by imprisonment in a county jail for a period not to exceed 180 days, or by both that fine and imprisonment.

This bill would require, for any new registration or renewal of registration of a home care aid occurring on and after January 1, 2019, the department to provide a labor organization an electronic copy of a registered home care aide's name, telephone number, and cellular telephone number, as specified. The bill would require the department to establish a simple opt-out procedure to request that contact information on file with the department not be disclosed in response to a request by a labor organization. The bill would prohibit a labor organization from using or disclosing this information, except for certain purposes. Because a violation of the Home Care Services Consumer Protection Act is punishable as a misdemeanor and this bill would expand requirements under the act, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement. *No Position*

AB2719 Isolation-LGBT Irwin

Existing law requires the California Department of Aging to administer the federal Older American's Act in California and the Mello-Granlund Older Californians Act, and imposes various functions and duties on the department with respect to the administration and development of programs for older individuals. Existing law requires the department, in allocating specified state and federal funding to older individuals, to ensure that priority consideration is given to elderly individuals identified as in greatest economic or social need. Existing law defines "greatest social need" for purposes of the act to mean the need caused by noneconomic factors, that include physical and mental disabilities, language barriers, cultural or social isolation, including that caused by racial and ethnic status, that restrict an individual's ability to perform normal daily tasks or that threaten his or her capacity to live independently. This bill would revise this definition to include cultural or social isolation caused by sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression.

Support A Champion – Jane Schwickerath

AB2744 RCFE-Referral Agencies Reyes. Residential care facilities for the elderly: referral agencies.

(1) Existing law provides for licensure and regulation of residential care facilities for the elderly by the State Department of Social Services.

This bill would require an agency that refers a person to a residential care facility for the elderly to register with the department, as specified, and to pay a fee. The bill would require a prescribed disclosure to be given to a client before providing a referral and would specify information that is required to be included on the referral agency's Internet Web site and other marketing materials. The bill would require an employee of a referral agency who will be in direct contact with the subject of placement to obtain either a criminal record clearance or a criminal record exemption from the department before his or her initial contact with a subject of placement and would require all referral agency employees to receive training in specified issues. The bill would require, commencing July 1, 2019, a referral agency to maintain liability insurance coverage in an amount of \$1,000,000 per person per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in total annual aggregate for negligent acts or omissions by the referral agency or any of its employees.

(2) Under existing law, a person who has assumed full or intermittent responsibility for the care or custody of an elder or dependent adult, including administrators, supervisors, and licensed staff of a public or private facility that provides care or services for elder or dependent adults, or an elder or dependent adult care custodian, health practitioner, clergy member, or employee of a county adult protective services agency or a local law enforcement agency, is a mandated reporter of elder or dependent adult abuse. Under existing law, a mandated reporter who, in the scope of his or her employment, has observed or has knowledge of an incident that reasonably appears to be physical abuse, abandonment, abduction, isolation, financial abuse, or neglect, or is told by an elder or dependent adult that he or she has experienced these behaviors, is required to report the abuse immediately or as soon as practicably possible. The failure to report on the part of a mandated reporter is a crime.

This bill would make an owner, operator, or employee of a referral agency a mandated reporter of elder or dependent adult abuse. By expanding the definition of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Support A Champion – Wayne Norton

AB2821 IHSS Mayes. In-home supportive services.

Existing law provides for the county-administered In-Home Supportive Services program, under which qualified aged, blind, and disabled persons are provided with services in order to permit them to safely remain in their own homes. Existing law requires an application for in-home supportive services to contain a notice to the recipient that his or her provider or providers will be given written notice of the recipient’s authorized services and the full number of services hours allotted to the recipient.

This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to the provision described above governing the application for those services

Spot Bill - Watch

AB2850 Geriatric Medication Technician Rubio. Nurse assistant training programs: geriatric medication technician.

Existing law establishes the State Department of Public Health and sets forth its powers and duties, including the licensing and administration of health facilities, as defined, including skilled nursing facilities and intermediate care facilities. Violation of these provisions is a crime.

Existing law requires skilled nursing facilities and intermediate care facilities to adopt certified nurse assistant training programs approved by the department.

This bill would include a geriatric medication technician, as defined, within the category of “certified nurse assistant” for these purposes. Because a violation of these provisions would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Further Review Possible A Support; possible oppose Champion – Debora Bone

AB2872 IHSS Carrillo. In-home supportive services: peer-to-peer training.

Existing law establishes the county-administered In-Home Supportive Services program to aged, blind, or disabled persons, as defined, who are unable to perform the services themselves and who cannot safely remain in their homes or abodes of their own choosing unless these services are provided. Existing law requires the State Department of Social Services to perform certain administrative duties in connection with the program. Existing law authorizes a county board of supervisors to contract with a nonprofit consortium, or to establish a public authority, to provide in-home supportive services and requires those entities to perform specified functions, including providing training providers and recipients.

This bill would require the department to designate the hours, per county, to compensate providers of in-home supportive services for educating other providers, using peer-to-peer training, in subject areas relating to the program, including how to enroll as a new provider and how to navigate the program, as specified.

Watch

AB3052 Housing-Elderly Chen. Escheated funds: portable housing: elderly persons.

Existing law contains various provisions relating to affordable housing and housing for elderly persons, including certain provisions administered by the Department of Housing and Community Development. Under existing law, unclaimed money under \$50 from a deceased person's estate that has permanently escheated to the state is deposited in the General Fund, except as specified. Other unclaimed property is deposited in the Unclaimed Property Fund, and, when permanently escheated, is transferred into the General Fund.

Existing law establishes the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund, which is continuously appropriated to the Department of Housing and Community Development for, among other things, making deferred payment rehabilitation loans for financing all or a portion of the cost of rehabilitating existing housing to meet prescribed rehabilitation standards.

This bill would generally require instead that all unclaimed money, including unclaimed money from a deceased person's estate, that has permanently escheated to the state be deposited in the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund for the construction, rehabilitation, or acquisition and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing developments for elderly persons or households, as defined, thereby making an appropriation.

Support

AB3065 Older Californians Act-Revise Cervantes. Aging.

Existing law, the Mello-Granlund Older Californians Act, establishes the California Department of Aging, and states the mission of the department to provide leadership to the area agencies on aging in developing systems of home- and community-based services that maintain individuals in their own homes or the least restrictive homelike environments.

This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

C4A Sponsored Support A Champion – Clay Kempf

AB3088 RCFEs

AB 3088, as introduced, Chu. Seniors: assisted living facilities: advance notice of closure.

Existing law imposes various notice and planning requirements upon a long-term health care facility before allowing a change in the status of the license or operation of the facility that results in the inability of the facility to care for its patients, including a requirement for written notification to the affected patients or their guardians at least 60 days prior to the change.

This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to require that a senior living in an assisted living facility be provided with timely advanced notice of the facility's closure.

Support

AB3098 RCFEs-Emergency Plans

AB 3098, as introduced, Friedman. Residential care facilities for the elderly: emergency plans.

Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of residential care facilities for the elderly by the State Department of Social Services. Existing law requires a facility to have an emergency plan that includes specified provisions and is available, upon request, to residents onsite and

available to local emergency responders. A violation of these provisions is punishable as a misdemeanor.

This bill would require a licensee to provide training on the emergency plan to each staff member upon hire and annually thereafter. The bill would also require a licensee to review the plan annually, as specified, and to conduct drills for various emergency situations at least once every 3 months for each shift. Because a violation of these provisions would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Support

AB 3171 Ting (Principal coauthor: Senator Lara)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Bloom, Bonta, Carrillo, Chiu, Chu, Gloria, Gonzalez Fletcher, Jones-Sawyer, Kalra, Levine, Low, Maienschein, McCarty, Nazarian, Quirk-Silva, Santiago, Mark Stone, Thurmond, and Weber)

(Coauthors: Senators Pan, Skinner, and Wiener) Homeless Persons Services Block Grant.

Under existing law, several agencies have prescribed responsibilities relating to homeless persons. Existing law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to administer California's Emergency Solutions Grants Program and make grants under the program to qualifying recipients to implement activities that address the needs of homeless individuals and families and assist them to regain stability in permanent housing as quickly as possible.

This bill would establish the Local Homelessness Solutions Program and create the Local Homelessness Solutions Account for the purpose of providing funding to cities, as defined, to create innovative and immediate solutions to the problems caused by homelessness, as specified. The bill would appropriate an unspecified sum from the General Fund to the Local Homelessness Solutions Account and direct the Controller to apportion those funds to cities in proportion to each city's most recent homeless population, as specified. The bill would require cities to match any funds received from the program. The bill would authorize these funds to be expended for, among other things, shelter diversion, rapid rehousing, and permanent supportive housing.

Support - Refer to Sr. Homelessness Workgroup

AB 3200, as introduced, Kalra. Thurmond (Coauthors: Assembly Members Caballero, Maienschein, Quirk-Silva, Rubio, and Voepel) (Coauthors: Senators Beall, Hill, and Wiener)
Public social services: SSI/SSP.

Existing law provides for the State Supplementary Program for the Aged, Blind and Disabled (SSP), which requires the State Department of Social Services to contract with the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services to make payments to SSP recipients to supplement Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments made available pursuant to the federal Social Security Act.

Under existing law, benefit payments under SSP are calculated by establishing the maximum level of nonexempt income and federal SSI and state SSP benefits for each category of eligible recipient, with an annual cost-of-living adjustment, effective January 1 of each year. Existing law prohibits, for each calendar year, commencing with the 2011 calendar year, any cost-of-living adjustment from being made to the maximum benefit payment unless otherwise

specified by statute, except for the pass along of any cost-of-living increase in the federal SSI benefits. Existing law continuously appropriates funds for the implementation of SSP.

This bill would reinstate the cost-of-living adjustment beginning January 1 of the 2019 calendar year. The bill would also require a maximum aid payment provided to an individual or a married couple that does not equal or exceed 100% of the 2018 federal poverty level to be increased to an amount that equals 100% of the federal poverty level. By reinstating the cost-of-living adjustment and by increasing the amount of benefits paid under the SSP, this bill would make an appropriation.

Support It has many of our legislative allies authoring or co-authoring that it is a place for us to show our appreciation of them

SB1026 **Fall Prevention** **Jackson.** Seniors: fall prevention.

Existing law, the Mello-Granlund Older Californians Act, finds and declares that one in 3 Americans over 65 years of age suffers a fall each year, often in the home, which can cause serious injury and depression. The act establishes the California Department of Aging, and sets forth its duties and powers, including, among other things, entering into a contract for the development of information and materials to educate Californians on the concept of “aging in place” and the benefits of home modification.

This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation relating to fall prevention for seniors.

A-Support Champion –Patty Talbott and Gus Ceballos

SB1040 **Disaster Response** **Dodd.** In-home supportive services: natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency.

(1) Existing law establishes the In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) program, administered by the State Department of Social Services and counties, under which qualified aged, blind, and disabled persons are provided with supportive services, as defined, in order to permit them to remain in their own homes. The California Emergency Services Act authorizes the Governor to declare a state of emergency under specified conditions and requires a county, including a city and county, to update its emergency plan to address, among other things, how the access and functional needs population, as defined, is served by emergency communications, evacuation, and sheltering.

This bill would expand the definition of “supportive services” to include all needs and services required during a natural disaster resulting in a declared state of emergency, and authorize, under those same circumstances, a county to allocate additional hours of supportive services, as specified. The bill would require a county to use a void and reissue warrant process for any provider who lost or had damaged an uncashed warrant because of a natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency. The bill would require a county, including a city and county, at the next update to its emergency plan, to integrate and require the assessment and provision of supportive services to IHSS recipients. By increasing the duties of counties, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2)The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Support

SB1047 Medi-Cal Rural Counties Nielsen. Medi-Cal: reimbursement rates:rural counties. Existing law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services and under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services through fee-for-service or managed care delivery systems. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid Program provisions. Existing law provides that federally qualified health center (FQHC) services and rural health clinic (RHC) services, as defined, are covered benefits under the Medi-Cal program, to be reimbursed, to the extent that federal financial participation is obtained, to providers on a per-visit basis. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would increase the Medi-Cal reimbursement rates for services provided by qualified providers in counties with both a population density under 300 persons per square mile and a total population under 500,000 persons.

Review Further –

SB1152 Hospital Discharges - Hernandez. Hospital discharge process: homeless patients. Existing law establishes the State Department of Public Health and sets forth its powers and duties, including the licensure and regulation of health facilities. A violation of those provisions is a crime. Existing law prohibits specified health facilities from causing the transfer of homeless patients from one county to another county for the purpose of receiving supportive services from a social service agency, health care service provider, or nonprofit social service agency within the other county, without prior notice and authorization. This bill would require those health facilities to include within the hospital discharge policy, a written homeless patient discharge planning policy and process, as specified. The bill would require the health facilities to develop a written plan for coordinating services and referrals for homeless patients including procedures for homeless patient discharge referrals, designated liaisons at each participating entity, and coordination protocols. Because violation of these requirements would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Review Further Jacques Bertand to research

SB1188 - Stone Domestic Workers – Sleep Hours

Existing law regulates the wages, hours, and working conditions of any man, woman, and minor employed in any occupation, trade, or industry, whether compensation is measured by time, piece, or otherwise, except as specified. Existing law makes violations of certain of these provisions a misdemeanor.

Existing law, the Domestic Worker Bill of Rights, prohibits a domestic worker from being employed more than 9 hours in any workday or more than 45 hours in any workweek unless the employee receives one and one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 9 hours in any workday and for all hours worked more than 45 hours in the workweek.

This bill would authorize that a domestic work employee who is a live-in employee or is required to be on duty for 24 or more consecutive hours, to enter into a written agreement with his or her employer to exclude a sleeping period, as described, of not more than 8 hours

from the employee's working hours, provided that certain conditions are met. In the absence of an agreement, the bill would require the regularly scheduled sleeping period to count as hours worked. The bill would prohibit an employer from terminating a domestic work employee for failing to enter into such an agreement and would provide that these provisions do not apply to a domestic work employee who works fewer than 24 consecutive hours. Because the violation of certain wage and overtime provisions are a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. *Review Further*

SB1191 Elder Abuse Hueso

Crimes: elder and dependent adult abuse: investigations.

Existing law makes it a crime for a person entrusted with the care or custody of any elder or dependent adult to willfully cause him or her to be injured or permit him or her to be placed in a situation in which his or her person or health is endangered. Existing law also authorizes county adult protective services agencies and local long-term care ombudsman programs to investigate elder and dependent adult abuse, but grants law enforcement agencies the exclusive responsibility for criminal investigations.

This bill would require local law enforcement agencies, as defined, and adult protective services agencies and long-term care ombudsman programs to revise or include in their policy manuals, as defined, specified information regarding elder and dependent adult abuse.

By requiring local agencies to revise their policy manuals, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Review Further – Wayne Norton to research

SB1292 Alzheimer's - Hueso Alzheimer's disease.

Existing law requires the State Department of Public Health to provide public and professional education on Alzheimer's disease to educate consumers, caregivers, and health care providers, and to increase public awareness.

This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require the department to conduct a study examining the impact of Alzheimer's disease on minorities and women.

Support

SB1320 Elder Abuse - Stern Elder or dependent adult abuse: victim confidentiality.

Existing law authorizes victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking to complete an application to be approved by the Secretary of State for the purpose of enabling state and local agencies to respond to requests for public records without disclosing a program participant's residence address contained in any public record and otherwise provide for confidentiality of identity for that person, subject to specified conditions. Any person who makes a false statement in an application is guilty of a misdemeanor.

This bill would make this program available to a victim of elder or dependent adult abuse and would make related conforming changes. By expanding the scope of the program to include

victims of elder or dependent abuse, this bill would impose new duties on local public officials and expand the scope of an existing crime, thereby creating a state-mandated local program.

Support

SB1464 Elder Oral Health Wiener co-author Pan Oral health: elder & dependent adults.

Existing law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. Existing law provides for a schedule of benefits under the Medi-Cal program, including certain dental services that are referred to as Denti-Cal.

Existing law expresses the declaration of the Legislature that this state shall foster and promote community services for the economic, social, and personal well-being of its citizens in order to protect elder and dependent adults.

This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would improve access to oral health for all elder and dependent adults.

Support A - Champion Debora Bone

SB1475 Veterans Aid - Hueso

Veterans' aid and welfare: indigent veterans.

Existing law allows the board of supervisors of a county to grant financial assistance, relief, and support to indigent veterans, as provided. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

Spot Bill -watch

Two-year Bills from 2017

AB 1250, as amended, Jones-Sawyer. Counties: contracts for personal services.

Existing law authorizes the board of supervisors of a county to contract for special services on behalf of various public entities with persons who are specially trained, experienced, expert, and competent to perform the special services, as prescribed. These services include financial, economic, accounting, engineering, legal, and other specified services.

This bill would establish specific standards for the use of personal services contracts by counties.-*The bill would allow a county or county agency to contract for personal services currently or customarily performed by employees, as applicable, when specified conditions are met. Among other things, the bill would require the county to clearly demonstrate that the proposed contract will result in actual overall costs savings to the county and also to show that the contract does not cause the displacement of county workers. The bill would exempt certain types of contracts from its provisions, and would exempt a city and county from its provisions. By placing new duties on local government agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.*

The bill also would provide that its provisions are severable.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Oppose A Clay Kempf to track, in partnership with Human Care Alliance & others